

and yet Los Andre does not beart 5500 inhabitants. Thus fortified and rejuranated. I was prepared to diag, and I was: reeded in dining very fairly, drank good Chilian wine, had a pleasant talk with our friend Don Housein and other gentlemen. and after dinner took a walk on the plana, where there was a realous but inferior orchestra playing for the distraction of "all Los Andra," represented by a few officers, employes, and shop-keepers, a dopen ladies wearing Paristan hats that were the fashion a year ago, and a few score modest natires, the women wearing black shards drawn muntillawise over their heads, and the men droped in "ponelios," and sheltered from indiscreet eyes by bound-beimmed white steam hata with black strings tool under the chin.

The next day I explored Los Andes and

sant and interesting. I most, however, observe, in justice to Civili and the Chilissue, that Los Andes is in reality a miserable little place of no particular importames, but it is previously on this advanced. that I dwell upon its agreeable features. I might have selected for my observations. San Felipe, for instance, the capital of the province of Aconcagua, with IL000 inhabitants; but the merit of evidences of civilization in San Felipe is less than in Los Andes, and although the former town has rearly four times the population of the latter, it is not relatively more civilited or more agreeable. Indeed in general aspect all the little towns of the ageienitoral provinces of Chili are similar, and a description of one will serve for all. The situation of Les Andes is peculiarly charming, and one may imagine that one day enterprise might convert it late an admirable health and pleasure resort. All around the mountains rise with morecapped peaks and blue mystery. The streets are laid out rectangularly in uniform "enadras," according to the invariable Spanish custom. With very few exceptions the houses are one story high,

Hotel Courtyard in Los Andes.

Obras de arte

CREADOR/A

Desconocido/a

DESCRIPCIÓN

Obra visual en formato rectangular y disposición vertical, que corresponde a una lámina impresa, compuesta por una imagen y un bloque de texto. En la parte superior de la composición monocroma, se observa una casa vista a través de la vegetación ubicada en primer plano. En la parte inferior tiene dos bloques de texto impreso en tinta negra dividido en dos columnas.

FORMATO

Grabado

TÉCNICA

Tinta-Grabado, Papel-Grabado

DIMENSIONES

Ancho 16,5 cm - Alto 24 cm

FUENTE DE INFORMACIÓN

SURDOC

INSTITUCIÓN

Museo Histórico Nacional

UBICACIÓN

Plaza de Armas 951, Santiago, Región Metropolitana, Chile